

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname					Other names				
Centre Number					Candidate Number				

**Pearson Edexcel GCSE (9–1)**

**Wednesday 15 May 2024**

Morning (Time: 1 hour 15 minutes)

Paper reference **1HI0/10**

**History**

**PAPER 1: Thematic study and historic environment**  
**Option 10: Crime and punishment in Britain, c1000–present and Whitechapel, c1870–c1900: crime, policing and the inner city**

**You must have:**  
Sources Booklet (enclosed)

Total Marks

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- There are two sections in this question paper. Answer Questions 1 and 2 from Section A. From Section B, answer Questions 3 and 4 and then **EITHER** Question 5 **OR** Question 6.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 52.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*
- The marks available for spelling, punctuation, grammar and use of specialist terminology are clearly indicated.

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

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## SECTION A

## Whitechapel, c1870–c1900: crime, policing and the inner city

## Answer Questions 1 and 2.

- 1 Describe **two** features of the types of crime that were committed in Whitechapel.

Feature 1

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Feature 2

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(Total for Question 1 = 4 marks)

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(8)

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**(b) Study Source A.**

How could you follow up Source A to find out more about conditions in lodging houses in the Whitechapel area?

In your answer, you must give the question you would ask and the type of source you could use.

Complete the table below.

**(4)**

Detail in Source A that I would follow up:

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Question I would ask:

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What type of source I could use:

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How this might help answer my question:

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**(Total for Question 2 = 12 marks)**

**TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 16 MARKS**





- 4 Explain why there were changes in the use of transportation as a punishment in the period c1610–c1868.

(12)

You **may** use the following in your answer:

- colonies in North America
- the discovery of gold in Australia

You **must** also use information of your own.

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(Total for Question 4 = 12 marks)



Answer EITHER Question 5 OR Question 6.

Spelling, punctuation, grammar and use of specialist terminology will be assessed in this question.

**EITHER**

- 5 'The most important factor affecting crime and punishment in the years c1000–c1500 was attitudes in society.'

How far do you agree? Explain your answer.

(16)

You **may** use the following in your answer:

- punishment in public
- the Norman Conquest

You **must** also use information of your own.

(Total for spelling, punctuation, grammar and use of specialist terminology = 4 marks)  
(Total for Question 5 = 20 marks)

**OR**

- 6 'The work of the police has changed significantly in the years 1829–present.'

How far do you agree? Explain your answer.

(16)

You **may** use the following in your answer:

- the introduction of the Criminal Investigation Department (CID)
- police patrols

You **must** also use information of your own.

(Total for spelling, punctuation, grammar and use of specialist terminology = 4 marks)  
(Total for Question 6 = 20 marks)



Chosen question number: **Question 5**  **Question 6** 

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**TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 36 MARKS**  
**TOTAL FOR PAPER = 52 MARKS**



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## **History**

**PAPER 1: Thematic study and historic environment**

**Option 10: Crime and punishment in Britain, c1000–present *and*  
Whitechapel, c1870–c1900: crime, policing and the inner city**

### **Sources Booklet**

**Do not return this Booklet with the question paper.**

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**Sources for use with Section A.**

**Source A:** From an account by Hugh Hoare, printed in the political magazine *National Review*, c1888. Hoare was a wealthy man. In 1886, he took over the running of a lodging house in the Whitechapel area. He wanted to understand the problems of the poor. Here he is commenting on the situation in his lodging house.

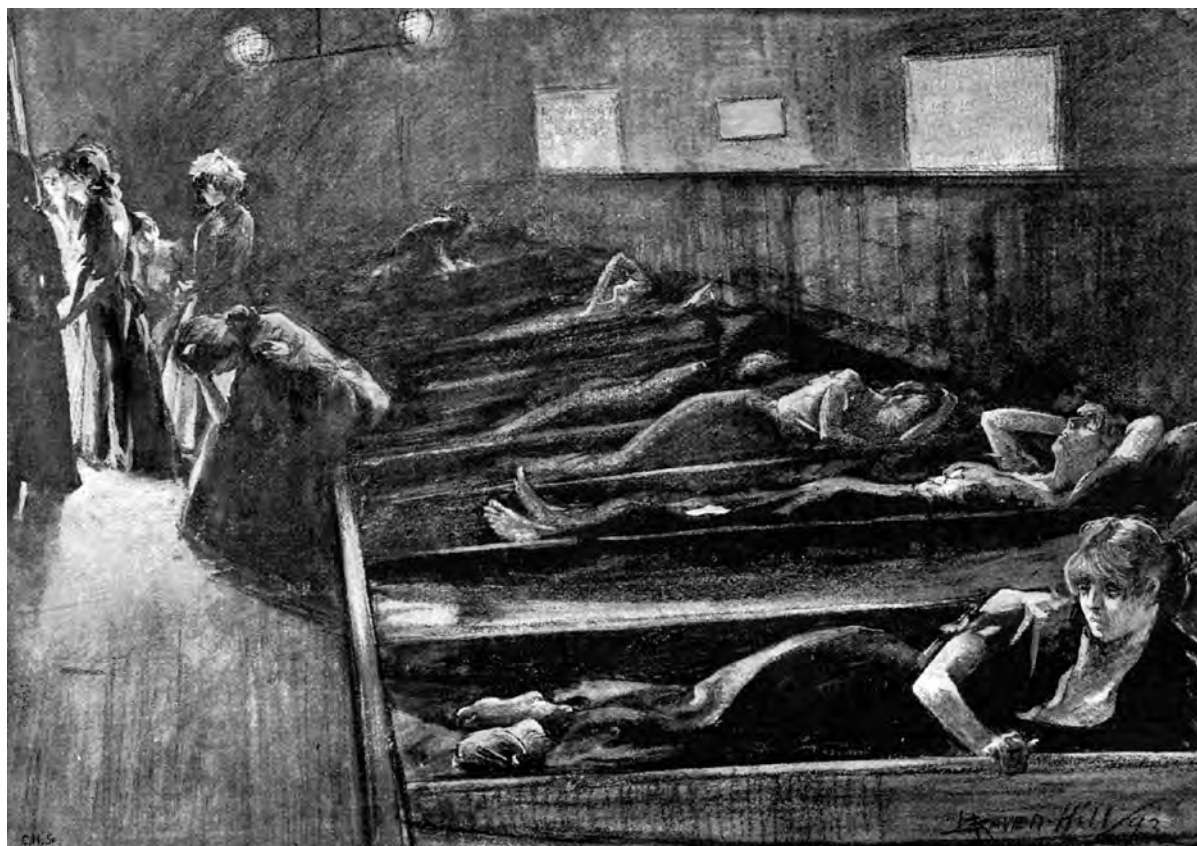
At the entrance, there was a little window where the manager sat to collect the four pennies for the night's lodging. He would also sell food to the lodgers.

In the kitchen, about twenty men and women were sitting or standing round the fire. The room had long wooden tables and benches. There was also a cupboard with various cups and saucers for the lodgers to use.

The air in my lodging house sometimes smelt remarkably disgusting. There was a long, low room filled with men. Many of them never washed at all. They never changed their clothes. There was a good deal of smoking, an enormous red-hot fire and all the windows were shut.

Two or three times I was woken up by appalling fights.

**Source B:** An illustration from *St Paul's Magazine*, published 1895. The magazine was published monthly in London. It contained various stories, articles and illustrations. This illustration shows a women's sleeping area in a lodging house in the Whitechapel area.



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### **Acknowledgements**

Source A taken from: <https://www.casebook.org/dissertations/rip-lodginghouse.html>; Source B taken from: © Chronicle/Alamy Stock Photo

